

Solve for x . Check for extraneous solutions and provide restrictions where applicable.

$$1. \left(\frac{4}{3x} - \frac{14x}{9} - \frac{5}{6x} = \frac{2x}{1} \right)^{18x}$$

$$24 - 28x^2 - 15 = 36x^2$$

$$9 - 28x^2 = 36x^2$$

$$9 = 64x^2$$

$$\frac{9}{64} = x^2$$

$$x = \pm \frac{3}{8}$$

$$2. -10(2x + 9)^2 - 13 = 267$$

$$-10(2x+9)^2 = 280$$

$$(2x+9)^2 = -28$$

$$2x+9 = \pm 2i\sqrt{7}$$

$$2x = -9 \pm 2i\sqrt{7}$$

$$x = \frac{-9 \pm 2i\sqrt{7}}{2}$$

$$3. \sqrt{-2-x} = 2$$

$$(-2-x) = 4$$

$$-x = 6$$

$$x = -6$$

check:

$$\sqrt{-2+6} = 2$$

$$\sqrt{4} = 2 \checkmark$$

$$5. \frac{3}{10}t - 3\left(1 + \frac{4}{3}\right) = \frac{1}{6}(t-1)$$

$$\frac{3}{10}t - 3t - 4 = \frac{1}{6}t - \frac{1}{6}$$

$$30\left(-\frac{27t}{10} = \frac{1}{6}t + \frac{23}{6}\right)$$

$$-81t = 5t + 115$$

$$-86t = 115$$

$$t = \frac{-115}{86}$$

$$4. \frac{2}{3}|4x + 5| + 2 = 2x + 6$$

$$\frac{2}{3}|4x+5| = (2x+4)\frac{2}{3}$$

$$|4x+5| = 3x+6$$

$$4x+5 = 3x+6 \quad 4x+5 = 3x-6$$

$$x = 1 \quad 7x = -11$$

$$x = \frac{-11}{7}$$

$$\frac{2}{3}|4+5| + 2 = 2+6$$

$$6+2 = 2+6 \checkmark$$

$$\frac{2}{3}|\frac{-4}{7} + \frac{35}{7}| + 2 = \frac{-22}{7} + \frac{14}{7}$$

$$\frac{2}{3}|\frac{31}{7}| + 2 = \frac{-8}{7}$$

$$6. \frac{x-y}{z-x} + w = 2w-w$$

$$\frac{x-y}{z-x} = \frac{w}{1}(z-x)$$

$$x-y = wz - wx$$

$$x+wx = wz+y$$

$$x(1+w) = wz+y$$

$$x = \frac{wz+y}{1+w}$$

$$z \neq x \quad w \neq -1$$

Factor the following:

7. $35x^7y^8 + 14x^2y^5 - 63x^8y^3 + 84x^5y^9$ *BCF First!*

$$7x^2y^3(5x^5y^5 - 2y^2 - 9x^6 + 12x^3y^6)$$

8. $80x^4y - 605x^2y^3$

$$5x^2y(16x^2 - 121y^2)$$

$$5x^2y(4x - 11y)(4x + 11y)$$

9. $2x^2 + 19x + 39$

$$\begin{array}{c} 18 \\ 6 \quad 13 \end{array}$$

$$(2x + 13)(x + 3)$$

10. $x^3 + 216$

$$\begin{array}{l} a=x \\ b=6 \end{array} (x+6)(x^2-6x+36)$$

11. $x^3 + 3x^2 - 4x - 12$

$$(x^2 - 4)(x + 3)$$

$$(x - 2)(x + 2)(x + 3)$$

12. $4x^5 - 4xy^4 - 6x^4y + 6y^5$

BCF First

$$2(2x^5 - 2xy^4 - 3x^4y + 3y^5)$$

$$2(2x - 3y)(x^4 - y^4)$$

$$2(2x - 3y)(x^2 - y^2)(x^2 + y^2)$$

$$2(2x - 3y)(x - y)(x + y)(x^2 + y^2)$$

13. $x^2a + x^2b - 16a - 16b$

$$(x^2 - 16)(a + b)$$

$$(x - 4)(x + 4)(a + b)$$

14. $(x + 4)^2 - 10(x + 4) - 11$

$$\text{let } P = (x + 4)$$

$$P^2 - 10P - 11$$

$$(P - 11)(P + 1)$$

$$(x + 4 - 11)(x + 4 + 1)$$

$$(x - 7)(x + 5)$$

Honors Algebra 2 – Chapter 1 Day #10
Homework Factoring with Grouping or Substitution

Name _____

15. $2(2x + 1)^2 - 5(2x + 1) - 3$ $\begin{array}{l} -6 \\ \swarrow \searrow \\ -6+1 \end{array}$
Let $B = 2x + 1$

$$\begin{aligned} & 2B^2 - 5B - 3 \\ & (2B + 1)(B - 3) \\ & (4x + 2 + 1)(2x + 1 - 3) \\ & (4x + 3)(2x - 2) \\ & 2(4x + 3)(x - 1) \end{aligned}$$

Write the expression as a complex number in standard form.

17. $3i(-6 - 2i) - 7(3 + 2i) + 5i(-4 + 10i^2)$
 $= -18i + 6 - 21 - 14i - 20i + 50$
 $= 35 - 52i$

19. $\frac{(3 - 7i)(-5 - 3i)}{(-5 + 3i)(-5 - 3i)}$
 $= \frac{-15 - 9i + 35i - 21}{25 + 9}$
 $= \frac{-36 + 26i}{34}$
 $= \frac{-18}{17} + \frac{13i}{17}$

21. If $r = 4$, $p = -1$, and $q = 2$, evaluate $\frac{(rp)^2 - pq + 3}{(r - p + q)^2}$.

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(4(-1))^2 - (-1 \cdot 2) + 3}{(4 - (-1) + 2)^2} = \frac{16 + 2 + 3}{7^2} \\ & = \frac{21}{49} \\ & = \frac{3}{7} \end{aligned}$$

16. $(x^2 + 5x - 24)^2 - (x^2 + 5x - 24) - 6$

Let $C = x^2 + 5x - 24$
 $C^2 - C - 6$
 $(C - 3)(C + 2)$
 $(x^2 + 5x - 24 - 3)(x^2 + 5x - 24 + 2)$
 $(x^2 + 5x - 27)(x^2 + 5x - 22)$

18. $\frac{-6 - 8i}{2i^9}$ $i^9 = i$

$$\begin{aligned} & = \frac{(-3 - 4i)i}{i \cdot i} \\ & = \frac{-3i + 4}{-1} \\ & = -4 + 3i \end{aligned}$$

20. $4i(2 + 5i)(1 + 3i)$
 $= 4i(2 + 11i - 15)$
 $= 4i(-13 + 11i)$
 $= -52i - 44$
 $= -44 - 52i$

22. Each day, Andy's Ice Cream Shop sells twice as many double-scoop ice cream cones, at \$2.50 a cone, as single-scoop ice cream cones, at \$1.50 a cone. If Andy's Ice Cream Shop sells 300 double-scoop cones on Monday, how much money did customers spend on single-scoop and double-scoop cones?

Sells 300 double scoop
150 single scoop

$$300(2.50) + 150(1.50)$$

The customers
spent a total of
\$975.00 on ice
cream cones.

23. If a 12-foot pole casts a 4.8-foot shadow, how tall is a pole that casts an 8-foot shadow?

$$\frac{12}{4.8} = \frac{x}{8}$$

$$4.8x = 96$$

$$x = 20 \text{ ft}$$

24. Simplify the following radicals

a. $\sqrt{98} = \sqrt{49 \cdot 2}$
 $= 7\sqrt{2}$

b. $\sqrt{108} = \sqrt{4 \cdot 27}$
 $= \sqrt{4 \cdot 9 \cdot 3}$
 $= 2 \cdot 3\sqrt{3}$
 $= 6\sqrt{3}$

c. $\sqrt{320} = \sqrt{4 \cdot 80}$
 $= \sqrt{4 \cdot 4 \cdot 20}$
 $= \sqrt{4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 5}$
 $= 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2\sqrt{5}$
 $= 8\sqrt{5}$

d. $\sqrt{2700} = \sqrt{100 \cdot 27}$
 $= \sqrt{100 \cdot 9 \cdot 3}$
 $= 10 \cdot 3\sqrt{3}$
 $= 30\sqrt{3}$